Digitally twinning the environment Jonny Riggall

Navigating the next industrial revolution

Revolution 01

1784



Steam, water, mechanical production equipment

Revolution 02

1870



Division of labour, electricity, mass production

Revolution 03

1969



Electronics, IT, automated production

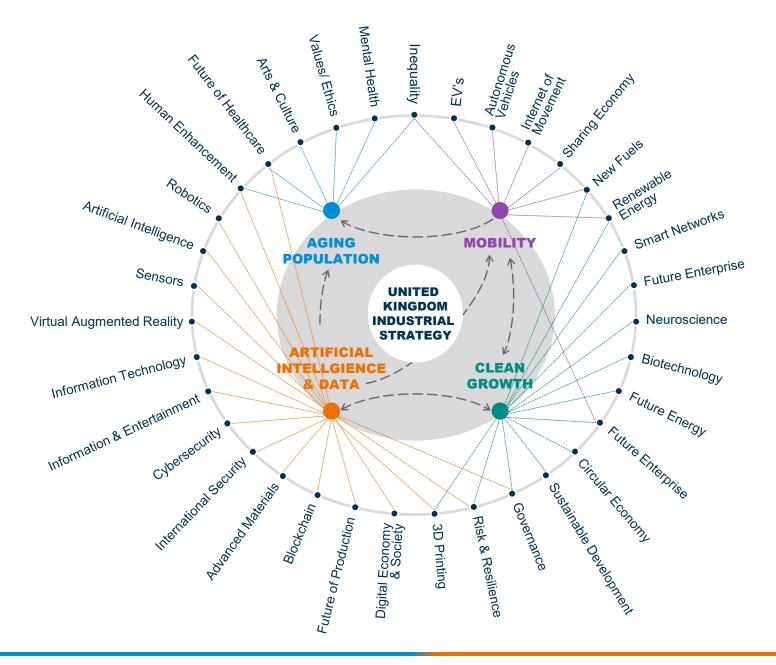
Revolution 04

?



Cyber-physical systems







The 4th industrial revolution top 5 drivers of change

- Changing working environments/arrangements
- Rise of the middle class in emerging markets
- O3 Climate change/natural resource constraints
- Quantity
 Rising geographical volatility
- Consumer concerns about ethical and privacy issues

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Disruptive changes to business models will have a profound impact on the employment landscape over the coming years.

World Economic Forum 2016



When will the **future** arrive?

Expected to occur by 2025



10% of people wearing clothes connected to the internet



The first **robotic pharmacist** in the US



The first **3D-printed** car in production



5% of consumer products printed in 3D



90% of the population with **regular access** to the internet



Driverless cars equalling 10% of all cars on US roads



The first transplant of a **3D-printed liver**



Over 50% of internet traffic to homes for appliances and devices



The first **city** with more than 50,000 people and **no traffic lights**

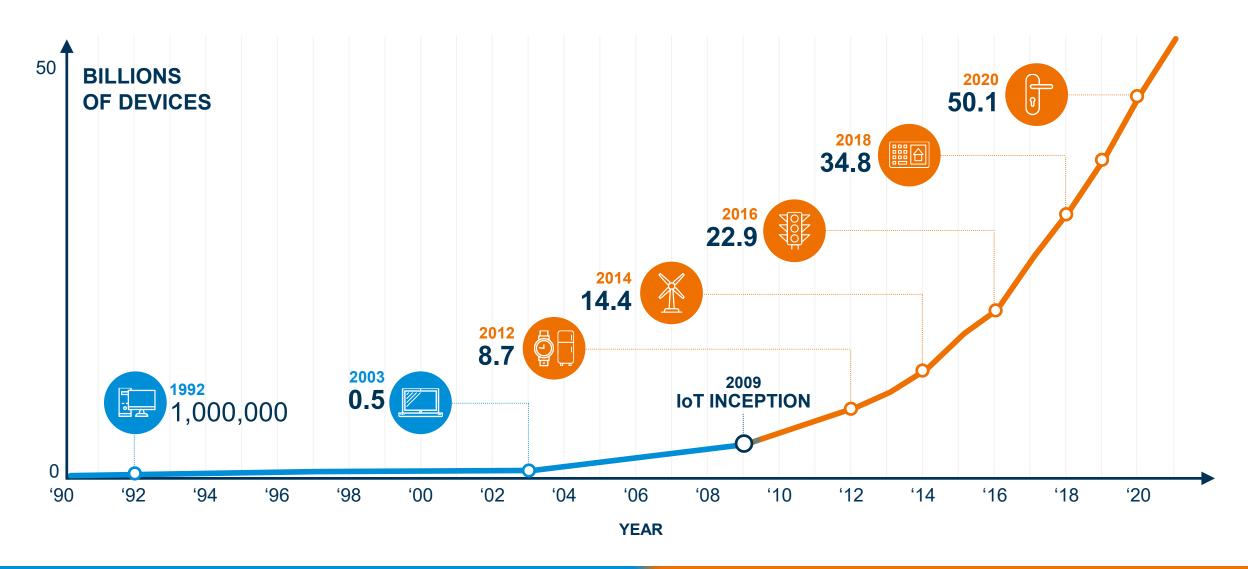


The first **AI** machine on a corporate **board of directors**

Source: World Economic Forum, Technology Tipping Points and Societal Impact Report 2015.
800 technology executives and experts form the information and communications technology sector were surveyed as part of our Technology Tipping Points and Societal Impact Report



The Internet of Things

















The 4th industrial revolution **5 recommendations for riding the digital wave**





1 Learn the process and language

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Environmental professionals, institutions and academia need to understand, learn and embrace the process and language of the digital sector, to be on an equal playing field and maximise the potential.



2 Create a national ledger for the environment

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A national ledger of environmental data needs to be created. It should be mandatory for all environmental data submitted with planning applications to be submitted to this ledger. Currently, the sum of the millions of environmental data collated is stored two-dimensionally in pdfs, and hence a significantly under-utilised resource.



3 Embrace connected devices and edge computing

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Local planning authorities should be required to establish a web of connected devices that automate environmental monitoring beyond just air quality. This data would form a comprehensive baseline for the national environmental ledger.



4 Learn from past lessons in environmental data analysis

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The use of rigid Excel spreadsheets for creating tools to represent environmental conditions needs to stop. Badly informed complex decisions are being made because of these tools.



5 Create the economic conditions for the Internet of Environment

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The Government needs to provide the economic conditions for the Internet of Environment to exist. The value of the environment, the ability to replicate it digitally and then to return the investment on its service through better understanding, is a considerable economic opportunity.



Jonny Riggall Director of Natural Resources <u>onathan.riggall@stantec.com</u>

E.Env C.Geog MIEnv, Fellow RGS