



## Novel mitigation methods for European Protected Species and other reptiles on the A338 dual carriageway in Dorset

**Chris Gleed-Owen CGO Ecology Annabel King Dorset County Council** 

## **A338 Bournemouth Spur Road:**

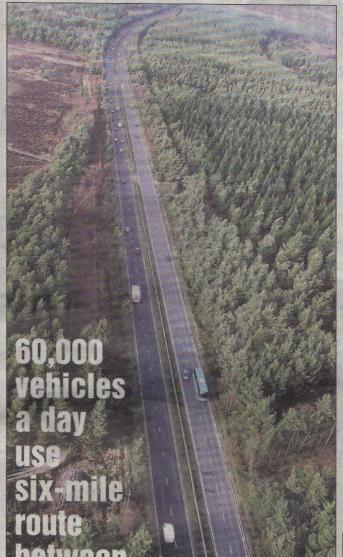
- Blackwater Jcn to Ashley Heath
- Length 9km, verges 18km (c.18ha)
- Built in 1960s, poor materials
- Annual remediation £1M
- Proposed £26M rebuild
- Surrounded by SSSI/SAC/SPA heathland
- Known EPS reptile & otter presence

# Established 1900

Tuesday, March 31, 2009

bournemouthecho.co.uk

Massive disruption likely when work starts on 'wor

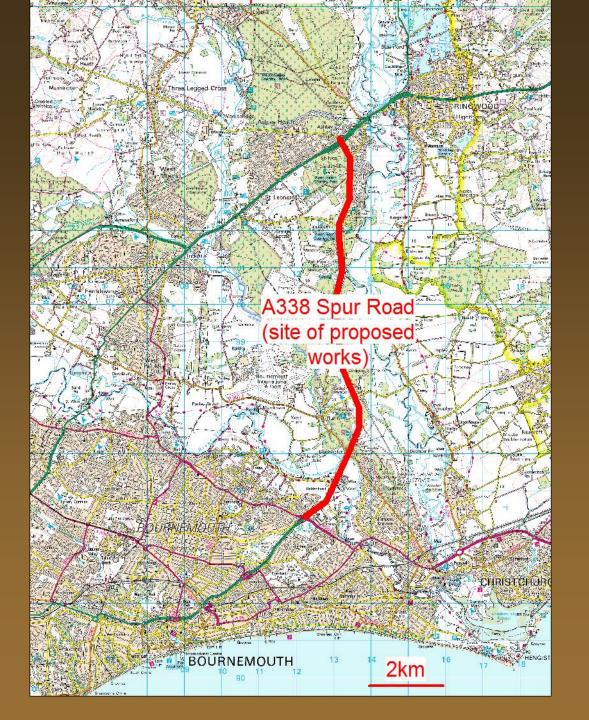


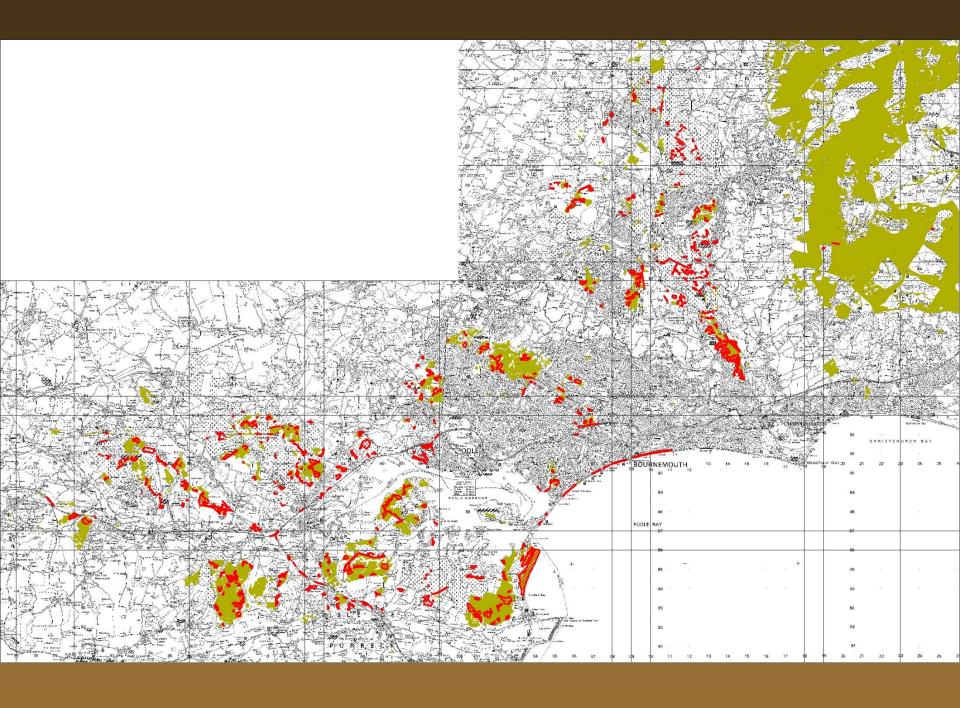


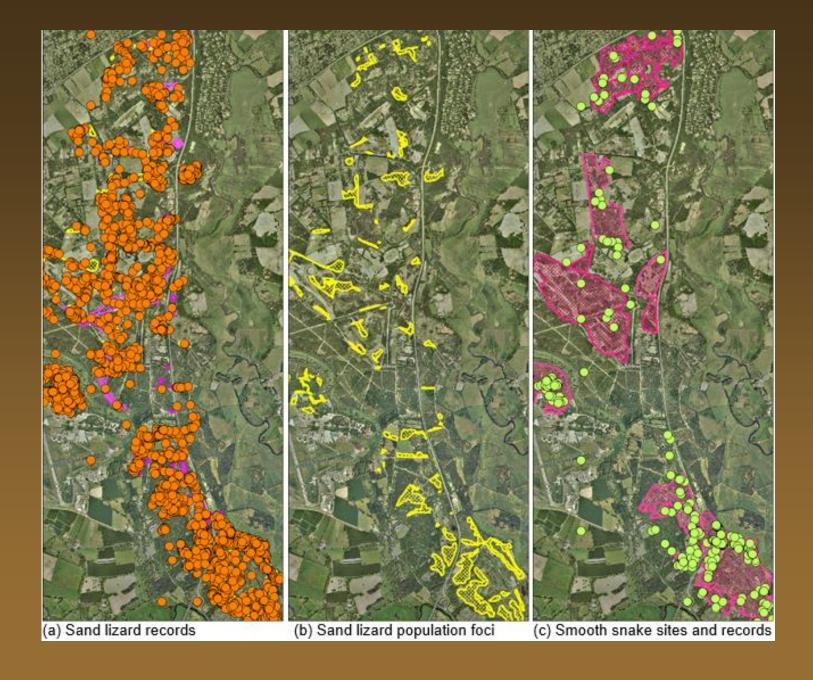


## **A338 Bournemouth Spur Road:**

- First attempt 2009-2011: traditional reptile mitigation approach (survey, EPS licence, exclusion, translocation, monitoring) – expensive, disruptive, damaging, impossible
- Second attempt 2013-2016: pragmatic novel approaches (survey, RAMs, no EPS licence, NE DAS, habitat manipulation, extensive habitat creation/restoration/enhancements, monitoring) – austerity, cheaper, less impact, less disruption, more effective







## Conservation of Habitats and Species Regulations, 2010.

- Are the works likely to result in the deliberate capture, injury or killing of a protected species?
- Will the works result in the deliberate disturbance which is likely to impair their ability to:
  - Survive, breed, reproduce or rear young
  - Hibernate or migrate
- Are the works likely to destroy the eggs or damage or destroy a breeding site or resting place of such an animal?
- Will the works significantly affect the local distribution or abundance of the species to which they belong? – the Favourable Conservation Status.



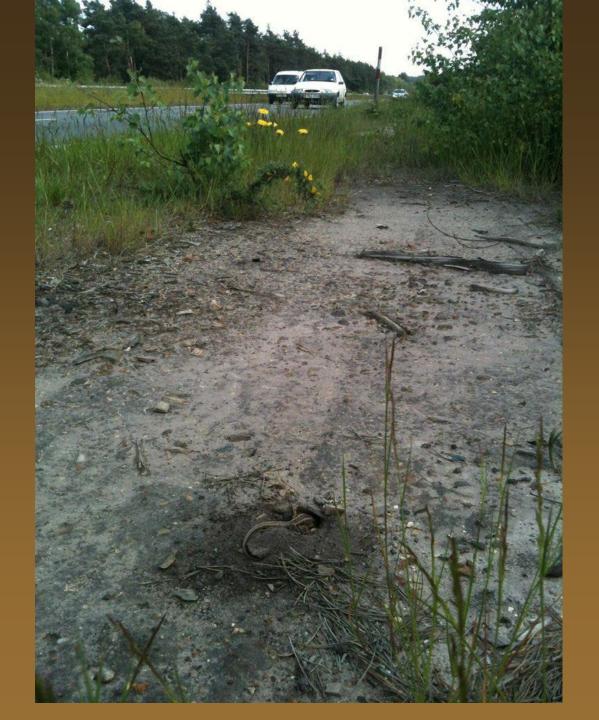






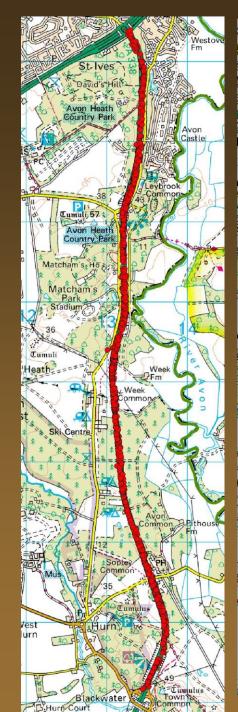


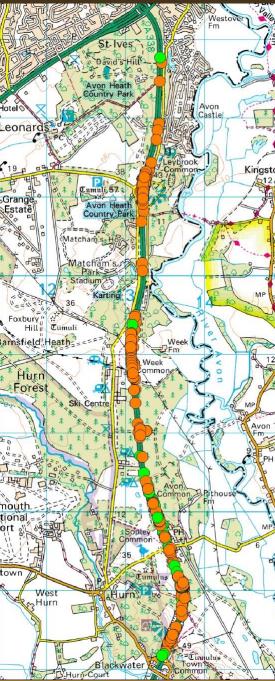




## Spring 2009 survey:

- 18km verges (18ha)
- Refugia spacing 10m
- 7 visits
- Reptiles on 17km
- All six UK species
- Sand lizard
- Smooth snake
- EPS reptiles occupying 7km (7ha) of 18km





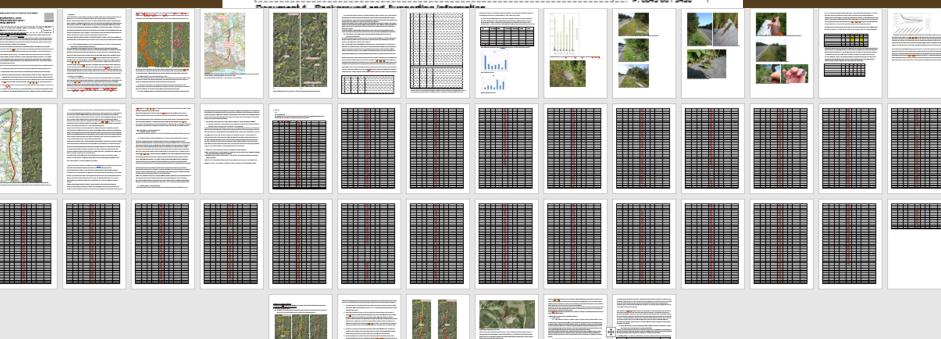
### Application for a Licence European protected species – Method Statement



The Method Statement will be used to determine the impact of the application on the favourable conservation status of the species concerned (Regulation 44(3)(b)).

Please use photographs to support descriptions

Wildlife Licensing Unit Natural England Surghill Road, Westbury-on-Trym Bristol 2510 SNJ T. 0845 801 4522 F. 0845 801 3435



fence, or to suitable places nearby. This is expected to account for about half of the sand lizards (c.100+) and all of the smooth snakes (c.25-50) encountered. Spread over 5km, this will not negatively impact the respective populations. Tree removal from the verges will actually improve neighbouring sites.

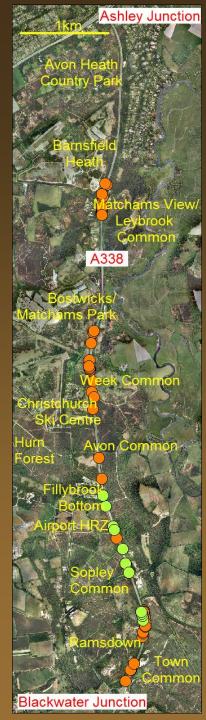
- e) Where verges inhabited are configuous with poor habitation neighbouring land, animals will be moved to exsituities. This affects no smooth snakes, but c. 100+ sand lizards will be moved to a Forestry Commission site at Studies Heath in Ringwood Forest (SU111099) where a new population will be established.
- A minimum of five years' monitoring at the sand lizard receptor site, and to monitor recolonisation of verges.
- g) Meetings will be held before mitigation works begin and on a weekly basis during the works, to ensure that all staff, contractors and operatives are fully briefed regarding the reptile issues and mitigation procedures.

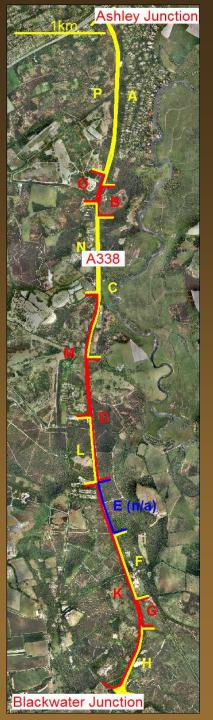
WML-A12.2 (12/07)

٦

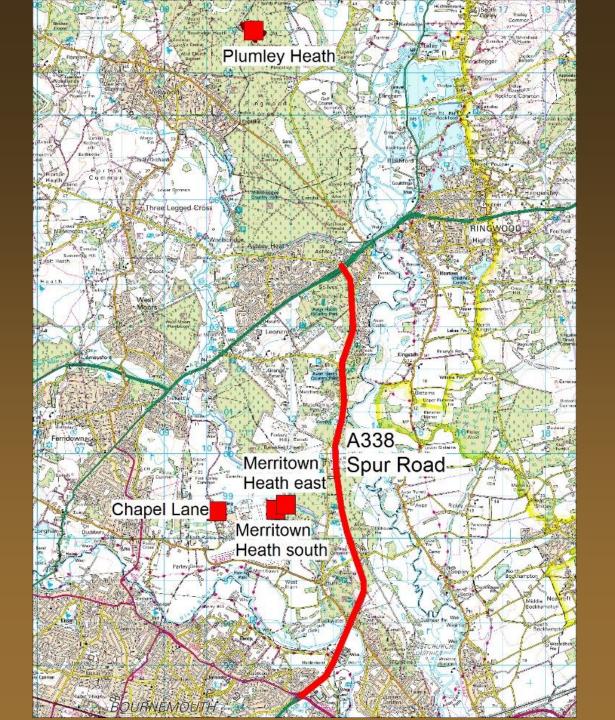
## **Licensed mitigation:**

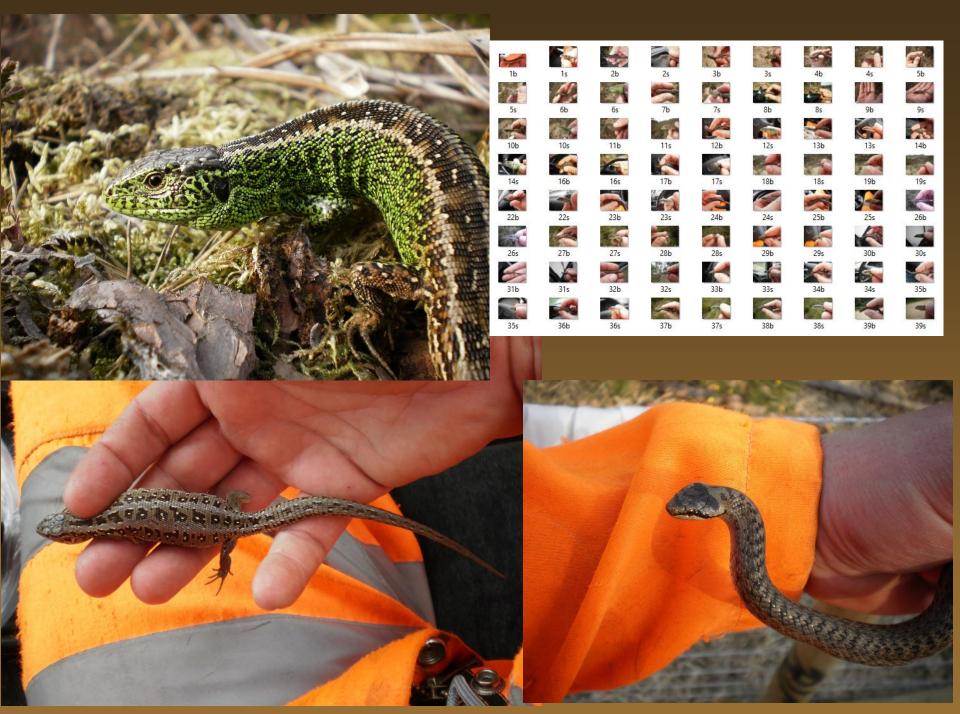
- 200 sand lizards
- 50 smooth snakes
- Capture/exclusion
- 7km fence, problematic
- 12,000 refugia
- 3-5m spacing
- 30 visits completed
- c.120 surveyor days





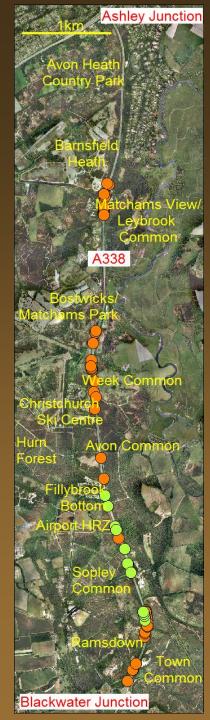






## Govt funding withdrawn, project aborted...

- 77 sand lizards
- 33 smooth snakes
- 1,982 other reptiles
- 50% in-situ over fence
- 50% ex-situ sites
- Fence damaged habitat
- Imperfect exclusion
- Left to deteriorate
- Sand lizard receptor monitoring continued



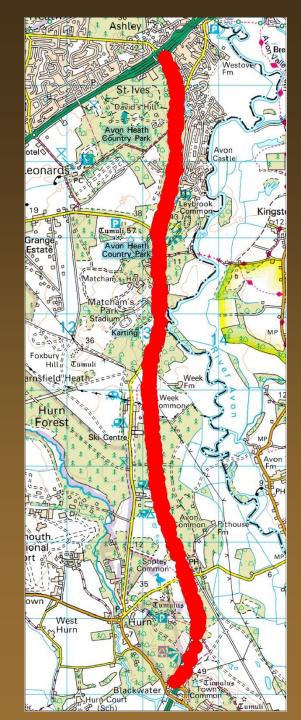


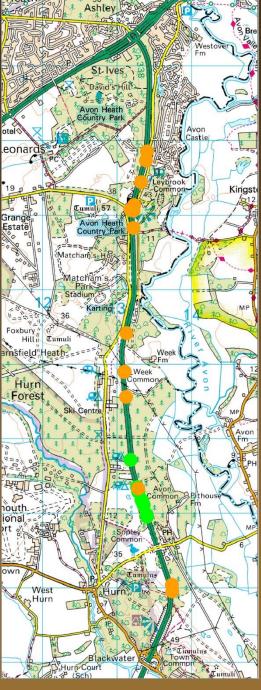




### **New funding £17M:**

- 18km verges (18ha),
- Refugia every 20m
- All six UK species
- Sand lizard
- Smooth snake
- EPS occupy 8-10km (was 7km)
- Spread due to tree/scrub removal





## A338 Bmth Spur Road rebuild 2013-2016:

- Survey EPS more widespread than before
- NE DAS RAMs, Method Statement, but no licence \*
- Habitat manipulation trees/scrub removed Habitat manipulation – frequent cut to 10cm \*
- No fence, no capture 'natural' dispersal \*
- Habitat restoration 23ha heathland
- Habitat enhancement 113 sand patches
- Habitat connectivity improved
- NE satisfied no Habs Regs offences temporary effects, alternative breeding and resting places
- Verge restoration scraped, reseeded
- Monitoring weekly pre-dev & post-dev years 1,3,5

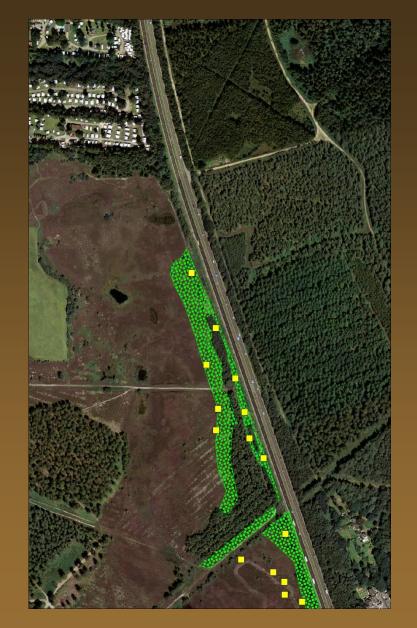
\*novel methods or just novel acceptance by NE?

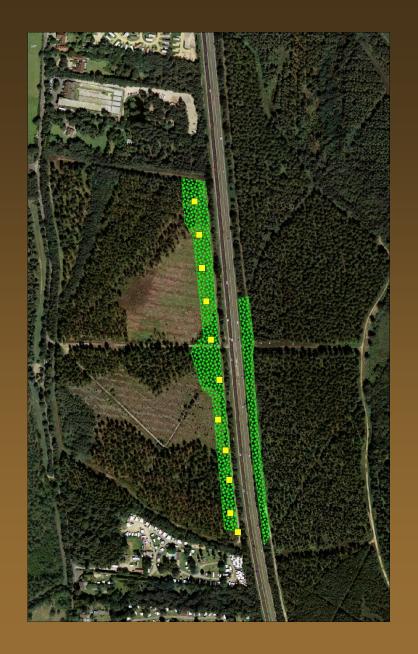
## **Habitat restoration & enhancement**





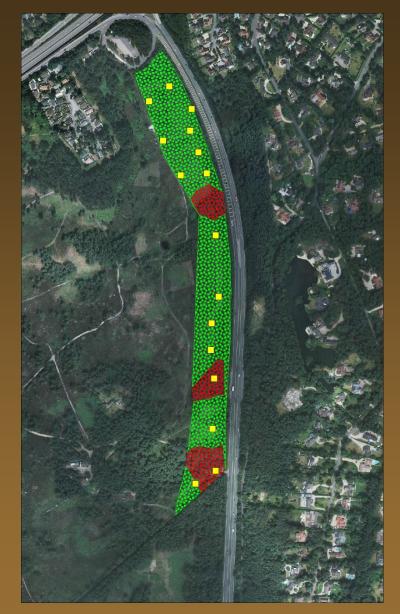


























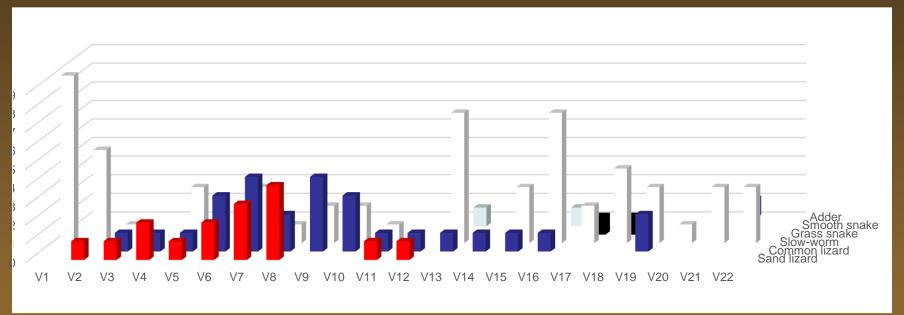


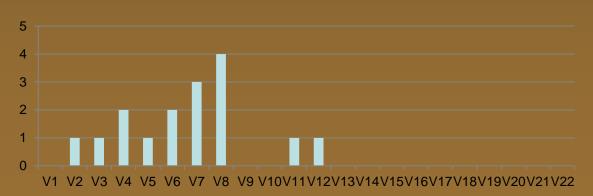






All reptiles	10Apr	14	15	16	17	20	22	23	3 24	28	May	/ May	Jun	Jun	Jul	Jul	Aug	Aug	Sep	Sep	Oct	Oct
	V1	V2	V3	V4	۷5 <sup>۱</sup>	/6	V7	V8	V9	V10	V11	V12	V13	V14	V15					V20	V21	V22
Sand lizard		1	1	2	1	2	3	4	ļ		1	1										
Common lizard			1	1	1	3	4	2	2 4	. 3	1	1	1	1	1	1			2			
Slow-worm	9	5	1		3		3	1	2	2	1		7		3	7	2	4	3	1	3	3
Grass snake																	1	1				
Smooth snake													1			1						
Adder																					1	

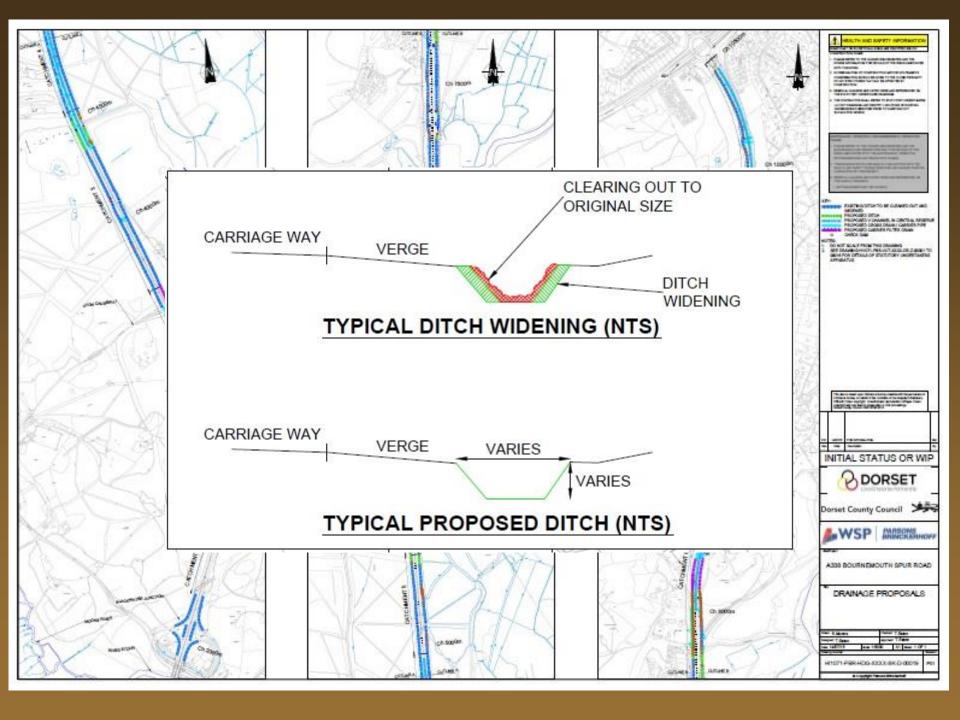




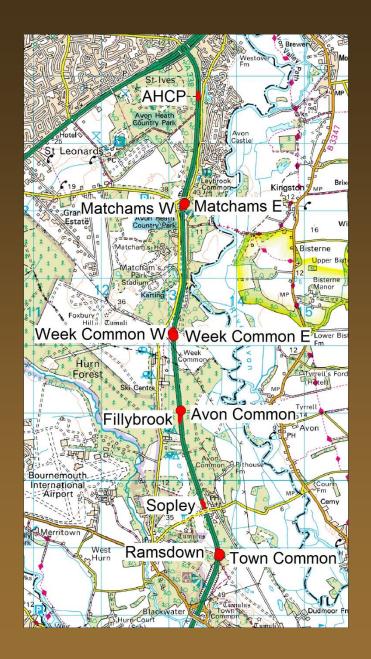








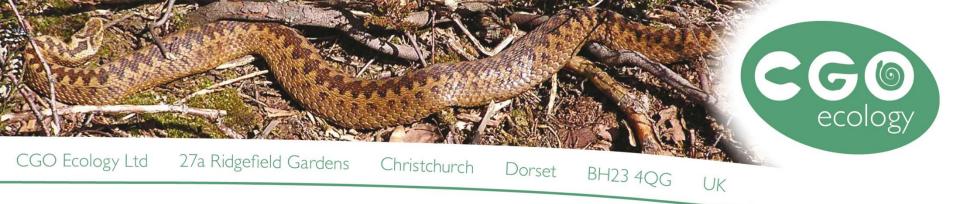






## A338 Bournemouth Spur Road rebuild:

- 2009-2010 first survey/mitigation
- 2010 rebuild cancelled
- (2011-2015 sand lizard monitoring)
- 2013-2015 second survey/mitigation
- 2015-2016 rebuild completed
- (2016-2020 verge monitoring)



## **Project partners:**







